## 3-computads do not form a presheaf category

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This short note is to show that 3-computed do not form a presheaf category.

First recall that S.H. Schanuel made an observation cf. [Carboni-Johnstone] that the category of 2-computads, call it  $C_2$ , do form a presheaf category. The category  $C_3$  of 3-computads is a comma category  $Set \downarrow T$  for the functor

$$T: \mathbf{C_2} \longrightarrow Set$$

such that T(A) is the set of parallel pairs of 2-cells in the 2-computed A. After [Carboni-Johnstone] we know that  $C_3$  is a presheaf category iff T preserves wide pullbacks. We shall show that in fact T do not preserves even binary pullback (which mean that  $C_3$  is not even an elementary topos).

Let A be a 2-computed with one 0-cell x, one 1-cell  $id_x$  the identity on x. Moreover A has as 2-cells all cells generated by two (indeterminate) 2-cells  $a_1, a_2: id_x \to id_x$ . Thus any 2-cell in A is of form  $a_1^m \circ a_2^n$ , for  $m, n \in \omega$ . Note that if m = n = 0 then  $a_1^m \circ a_2^n = id_{id_x}$ . Let B be a 2-computed isomorphic to A. Let  $b_1, b_2$  be the indeterminate 2-cells in B. Let C be a 2-computed with the same 0- and 1-cells as A and has one indeterminate 2-cell c. Clearly, we have unique maps of 2-computed  $\alpha : A \to C$  and  $\beta : B \to C$ .

Let observe first that the functor

 $T': \mathbf{C_2} \longrightarrow Set$ 

such that T'(A) is the set of 2-cells in the 2-computed A, do not preserve the pullback

$$\begin{array}{c} A \times_C B \xrightarrow{\pi_B} B \\ \pi_A \downarrow & \downarrow \beta \\ A \xrightarrow{\alpha} C \end{array}$$

We have that

$$T'(\alpha)(a_1 \circ a_2) = c \circ c = T'(\beta)(b_1 \circ b_2).$$

Moreover we have

$$T'(\pi_A)((a_1, b_1) \circ (a_2, b_2)) = a_1 \circ a_2 = T'(\pi_A)((a_1, b_2) \circ (a_2, b_1))$$

and

$$T'(\pi_B)((a_1, b_1) \circ (a_2, b_2)) = b_1 \circ b_2 = T'(\pi_B)((a_1, b_2) \circ (a_2, b_1)).$$

But the 2-cells  $(a_1, b_1) \circ (a_2, b_2)$  and  $(a_1, b_2) \circ (a_2, b_1)$  in  $A \times_C B$ , are different. This shows that the above pullback in not preserved by T'.

As all the pairs of 2-cells in A, B, C are parallel, to apply T to the above pullback is the same thing as to apply  $T' \times T'$  to it. So T does not preserves this pullback, as well.