

Pochodne cząstkowe. Różniczkowanie funkcji wielu zmiennych.

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{x^2 + y^2} & \text{dla } x^2 + y^2 \neq 0; \\ 0 & \text{dla } x = y = 0. \end{cases}$$

a) $f(x, y) = x^y$, b) $f(x, y, z) = x^2 y^3 z^4$, c) $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^3 + z^4$,
d) $f(x, y, z) = e^{xyz}$ e) $f(x, y, z) = x^4 - 16yz$, f) $f(x, y, z) = xe^y + ye^z + ze^x$,
f) $f(x, y, z) = x^2 e^y \ln z$, h) $f(x, y) = \operatorname{arctg}(\frac{x}{y})$, i) $f(x, y, z) = (1 - x^2 - y^2 - z^2)e^{-xyz}$.

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} f(x, y) = 2xy^3 + e^x \sin y$$
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} f(x, y) = 3x^2 y^2 + e^x \cos y + 1.$$
$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{a) } f(x, y) = \begin{cases} xy \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2} & \text{dla } x^2 + y^2 > 0, \\ 0 & \text{dla } x^2 + y^2 = 0, \end{cases} & \text{b) } f(x_1, \dots, x_k) = \sqrt{x_1^2 + \dots + x_k^2}, \\ \text{c) } f(x, y) = \begin{cases} (x^2 + y^2) \sin \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} & \text{dla } x^2 + y^2 > 0, \\ 0 & \text{dla } x^2 + y^2 = 0, \end{cases} & \text{d) } f(x, y) = \sqrt[3]{x^3 + y^3}, \\ \text{e) } f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{y} \sin(xy) & \text{dla } y \neq 0, \\ x & \text{dla } y = 0, \end{cases} & \text{f) } f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{xyz}. \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{a) } f: \mathbb{R}_+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, f(x) = (x, \sqrt{x}), & g: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, g(x_1, x_2) = e^{-(x_1^2 + x_2^2)}; \\ \text{b) } f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, f(x) = (\cos 2x, \sin 2x), & g: \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{(0, 0)\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, g(x_1, x_2) = \frac{1}{x_1^2 + x_2^2}; \\ \text{c) } f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3, f(x, y) = (x - y, x + y, 2\sqrt{xy}), & g: \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus \{(0, 0, 0)\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \\ & g(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \ln(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2); \\ \text{d) } f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3, & g: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \\ f(x, y) = (x^2 - y^2, x^2 + y^2, x^2 y^2), & g(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1 x_2 + x_2 x_3 + x_3 x_1; \\ \text{e) } f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, & g: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, \\ f(x, y) = (x - y, x + y), & g(x_1, x_2) = (e^{x_1} \cos x_2, e^{x_1} \sin x_2). \end{array}$$

1