Sparsity — tutorial 13

Polynomial expansion

Problem 1. Let G be a planar graph of radius r. Prove that G has tree-width at most 3r.

Problem 2. Let G be an n-vertex planar graph. Prove that there exists a balanced separator of G of size at most $6\sqrt{n}$.

Problem 3. Prove that there is an (E)PTAS for the following problems on planar graphs: Vertex Cover, Independent Set, Dominating Set, Distance-r Dominating Set.

Problem 4. Prove that if a class \mathcal{C} has polynomial expansion, then there exists a constant $\delta > 0$ such that every n-vertex graph from \mathcal{C} has tree-depth at most $\mathcal{O}(n^{1-\delta})$. Conclude that INDEPENDENT SET on graphs from \mathcal{C} can be solved in time $2^{\mathcal{O}(n^{1-\delta})}$.

Problem 5.

- Prove that for every class \mathcal{C} of polynomial expansion there exists a polynomial p(x) such that $\mathrm{adm}_r(G) \leq p(r)$ for all $r \in \mathbb{N}$ and all $G \in \mathcal{C}$.
- Prove that every class C such that there is a polynomial p(x) and $\operatorname{col}_r(G) \leq p(r)$ for all $r \in \mathbb{N}$ has polynomial expansion.
- Prove that there is a class of polynomial expansion such that there is no polynomial p(x) such that $\operatorname{wcol}_r(G) \leq p(r)$ for all $r \in \mathbb{N}$ and all $G \in \mathcal{C}$.